Alternative performance measures and financial definitions

Alternative performance measures are used to describe the development of operations and to enhance comparability between periods. These are not defined under IFRS but correspond to the methods applied by executive management and Board of Directors to measure the company's financial performance. Alternative performance measures should not be viewed as a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with IFRS but rather as a complement.

The difference between segment reporting according to IFRS is described in greater detail in note 1 in the quarterly report. The difference consists primarily of differences in accounting principles for our own developed housing projects where revenue and profit are recognized over time in segment reporting and at a certain point in time, when homebuyers take possession of their homes, in reporting according to IFRS. For the key ratios, however, the method of calculation is the same in both segment reporting and reporting according to IFRS.

Definition and motivation of use	Calculation at quarterly report January-March 2020	
Available liquidity Liquid funds and short-term investments along with unutilized credit facilities. Shows the Group's available liquidity.	Reporting according to IFRS Liquid funds Unutilized credit facilities Available liquidity	MSEK 1,028 5,821 6,849
Equity per share Equity attributable to shareholders in parent company divided by the number of outstanding shares at the end of the period.	Less equity attributable to non-controlling interests, MSEK Equity attributable to shareholders in parent company, MSEK Number of outstanding shares at the end of	11,560 -1 11,559 962,746 39.19
Cash flow per share Cash flow per share calculated as the total of the cash flow from current operations and cash flow from investment operations divided by the average number of outstanding shares during the period.	Cash flow per share, SEK Segment reporting Cash flow from current operations, MSEK Cash flow from investment operations, MSEK Total cash flow before financing, MSEK	1,481 -217 1,264 962,746 4.29 1,797 -200 1,597 962,746 5.41
Net investments Change in the period of the reported value of current assets (CB-OB) plus depreciation and write-downs.		

Definition and motivation of use

Calculation at quarterly report January-March 2020

Net debt	Reporting according to IFRS	MSEK
Interest-bearing liabilities including provisions for pensions less liquid funds and interest-bearing assets.	Interest-bearing long-term liabilities	3,892
	Interest-bearing long-term liabilities, project financing	415
	Interest-bearing current liabilities	2,772
	Interest-bearing current liabilities, project financing	7,191
	- Interest-bearing long-term receivables	-1,118
	- Interest-bearing current receivables	-134
	- Liquid funds	-1,028
	Net debt	11,990
	Segment reporting	MSEK
	Interest-bearing long-term liabilities	2,904
	Interest-bearing long-term liabilities, project financing	,
	Interest-bearing current liabilities	2,291
	Interest-bearing current liabilities, project financing	2,383
	- Interest-bearing long-term receivables	-1,118
	- Interest-bearing current receivables	-1,297
	- Liquid funds	-977
	Net debt	4,186
	Reconciliation between IFRS and segment reporting	
	Net debt according to IFRS	11,990
	Interest-bearing receivables	-24
	Additional IFRS 16 Leases	-638
	Project financing, sold part of housing projects	-5,223
	Annehem Fastigheter	-1,919
	Net debt according to segment reporting	4,186
Orders received The sum of orders received during the period. Measures how new orders replace produced work.		
In our own developed housing projects tenant-owned housing associations/residential limited companies		
are considered external customers.		
Order backlog		
The value at the end of the period of the remaining income in ongoing production plus orders received yet to		
be produced. Order backlog is based on segment reporting.		
be produced. Order backlog is based on segment reporting.		

Definition and motivation of use

Definition and motivation of use	Calculation at quarterly report January-March	2020
Earnings per share Profit for the period attributable to shareholders in parent company divided by the average number of outstanding shares during the period.	Reporting according to IFRS Profit for the period, MSEK Less profit for the period attributable to non-controlling interests, MSEK Profit for the period attributable to shareholders in parent company, MSEK Average number of outstanding shares Earnings per share, SEK	68 1 69 294,962,746 0.23
	Segment reporting Profit for the period, MSEK Less profit for the period attributable to non-controlling interests, MSEK Profit for the period attributable to shareholders in parent company, MSEK Average number of outstanding shares Earnings per share, SEK	121 1 122 294,962,746 0.41
Return on equity Profit of the rolling 12 month period attributable to shareholders in the parent company divided by the average (last four quarters) equity attributable to shareholders in the parent company. The measuremen is used to create efficient business and a rational capital structure and show how the Group has increased shareholders equity.	Reporting according to IFRS Profit for the period, MSEK Average equity, MSEK Q1 2020 11,559 Q4 2019 11,557 Q3 2019 10,964 Q2 2019 10,423 44,503 / 4 Return on equity, %	2,087 11,126 18.8
	Segment reporting Profit for the period, MSEK Average equity, MSEK Q1 2020 12,348 Q4 2019 12,477 Q3 2019 11,990 Q2 2019 11,384 48,199 / 4 Return on equity, %	2,032 12,050 16.9

Definition and motivation of use

Calculation at quarterly report January-March 2020

	Tourisment at quarterly report surrainly march 2020	
Return on capital employed	Reporting according to IFRS	
Pre-tax profit of the rolling 12 month period with the addition of financial expenses in percent of the average	Pre-tax profit, MSEK	2,513
(last four quarters) capital employed. The measurement is used to measure capital efficiency and to	Financial expenses, MSEK	
		267
allocate capital for new investments and show the Group's earning capacity independent of financing.	Total profit, MSEK	2,780
	Average capital employed, MSEK	
	Q1 2020 25,830	
	Q4 2019 26,336	
	Q3 2019 26,371	
	Q2 2019 26,025	
	104,562 / 4	26,141
	Return on capital employed, %	10.6
	Trotain on outlier office of the control of the con	10.0
	Segment reporting	
	Pre-tax profit, MSEK	2,444
	Financial expenses, MSEK	227
	Total profit, MSEK	2,671
	Average capital employed, MSEK	2,071
	, ,	
	Q4 2019 21,617	
	Q3 2019 21,999	
	Q2 2019 21,961	
	85,504 / 4	21,376
	Return on capital employed, %	12.5
Interest coverage ratio	Reporting according to IFRS	
Pre-tax profit items plus interest expenses in relation to interest expenses. The measurement shows how	Pre-tax profit, MSEK	81
well interest expenses can be covered.	Interest expenses, MSEK	43
well interest expenses can be covered.		
	Total, MSEK	124
	Interest coverage ratio, multiple	2.9
	D 11 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	
Operating margin	Reporting according to IFRS	
Operating profit as a percentage of net sales.	Operating profit, MSEK	170
	Net sales, MSEK	11,870
	Operating margin, %	1.4
	Segment reporting	
		044
	Operating profit, MSEK	211
	Net sales, MSEK	11,638
	Operating margin, %	1.8
Net debt/equity ratio	Reporting according to IFRS	
Interest-bearing net debt in relation to equity. Shows financial position.	Net debt, MSEK	11,990
	Equity, MSEK	11,560
	Net debt/equity ratio, multiple	1.0
	Segment reporting	
	Net debt, MSEK	4,186
	Equity, MSEK	12,349
	Net debt/equity ratio, multiple	0.3
	The debuoyanty rand, maniple	0.3
	1	

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Definition and motivation of use	Calculation at quarterly report January-March 2020	
Equity/assets ratio	Reporting according to IFRS	
Equity as a percentage of total assets at the end of the period. Shows financial position.	Equity, MSEK	11,56
Equity as a percentage of total assets at the end of the period. Shows illiancial position.		42,78
	Total assets, MSEK	
	Equity/assets ratio, %	27.
	Segment reporting	
	Equity, MSEK	12,34
	Total assets, MSEK	36,58
	Equity/assets ratio, %	33.
Conital ampleyed for the Croup	Departing according to IEDS	MSE
Capital employed for the Group	Reporting according to IFRS	
Total assets at the end of the period less non-interest-bearing operating liabilities and provisions. The	Total assets	42,78
measurement is used to measure capital utilization and its effectiveness.	- Deferred tax liabilities	-16
	- Other long-term liabilities - Other current liabilities	-90
		-15,88
	Capital employed	25,83
	Segment reporting	MSE
	Total assets	36,58
	- Deferred tax liabilities	-35
	- Other long-term liabilities	-97
	- Other current liabilities	-15,33
	Capital employed	19,92
	Reconciliation between IFRS and segment reporting	
	Capital employed according to IFRS	25,83
	IFRS 16, additional leases	-63
	Housing projects, sold part	-4,49
	Annehem Fastigheter	-77
	Capital employed according to segment reporting	19,92
Capital employed for the business areas Total assets in the business areas at the end of the period reduced by deferred tax recoverables and internal receivables from the internal bank Peab Finans with deductions for non-interest-bearing liabilities, provisions and deferred tax liabilities. The measurement is used to measure capital utilization and its effectiveness for the business areas, and is only presented as a net amount per business area.		